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Drive circuit.

The mark/space ratio of the signal supplied to the switching device by the oscillator can be varied in accordance with the output of a comparator 18 which compares the measured instantaneous value of the current flowing in the load with a calculated value of the current.

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"DRIVE CIRCUIT"

This invention relates to a drive circuit for an inductive load, the drive circuit being of the so-called constant frequency type and including a switching device connected in series with the load and a source of supply.

It is frequently necessary to control and vary the average current flowing in the inductive load and this can be achieved by varying the mark/space ratio. The difficulty arises in providing a measure of the average current since from the instant of switch on the current will increase exponentially in the load and if a flywheel diode is provided, from the instant of switch off will also decrease exponentially.

The object of the invention is to provide a drive circuit in a simple and convenient form.

According to the invention a drive circuit of the kind specified includes means for measuring the instantaneous value of the current flowing in the device at or after a predetermined time following switch on and means for comparing the measured instantaneous value of current with a calculated value of current, and further means for adjusting the mark/space ratio to achieve the desired average current flow in the load.

An example of a drive circuit in accordance with the invention is illustrated in the accompanying circuit diagram.

The drive circuit is intended to control the current flowing in an inductive load represented by the inductor I0, the inductive load being for example a proportional solenoid. One terminal of the load is connected to a d.c. supply line II and the other terminal of the load is connected by way of a switching device I2 and a resistor I3 connected in series, to the other supply line I4. The switching device may comprise a transistor. In addition, in parallel with the load I0 is a flywheel diode I5.

A constant frequency oscillator I6 is provided and this is connected to one input of a control circuit I7 the output of which controls the operation of the switching device I2. The control circuit also has an input which is connected to the output of a comparator I8 by way of an integrator I8A and one input of the comparator is connected by way of a switch I9 to a point intermediate the switching device I2 and the resistor I3. The other input of the comparator is connected to a reference source 20 and the operation of the switch I9 is controlled by the output of the oscillator I6.

In use, the control circuit I7 provides a square wave output signal to drive the switching device I2. the mark/space ratio being controlled by the output of the comparator I8 by way of the integrator I8A. The reference source 20 provides a voltage repre-

sentative of a desired instantaneous current to one input of the comparator and a voltage representing the actual instantaneous current in the load, is applied to the other input of the comparator by way of the switch I9 at the instant the switching device I2 is turned on or at a predetermined time after it has been turned on but before it is turned off. The voltage developed across the resistor I3 is representative of the instantaneous value of current and this is compared by the comparator I8 with the desired instantaneous value. Any deviation between the actual and desired value is corrected by adjustment of the mark/space ratio, the instantaneous value of the current being representative of the average current flowing in the load I0.

The reference voltage supplied by the source 20 is predetermined for given circuit conditions and any deviation of the circuit conditions tending to cause a variation in the average current flowing in the load IO will be corrected by the circuit. For example, if the supply voltage should fall which would, in the absence of any correction, cause a reduction in the average current flowing, the mark/space ratio will be adjusted to cause the average current to be restored to the desired value.

The operation of the control circuit may be controlled by a micro-computer which from the feedback signal representing the instantaneous value of current in the load I0 can control the control circuit I2 to obtain the desired average current flow in the load I0.

Claims

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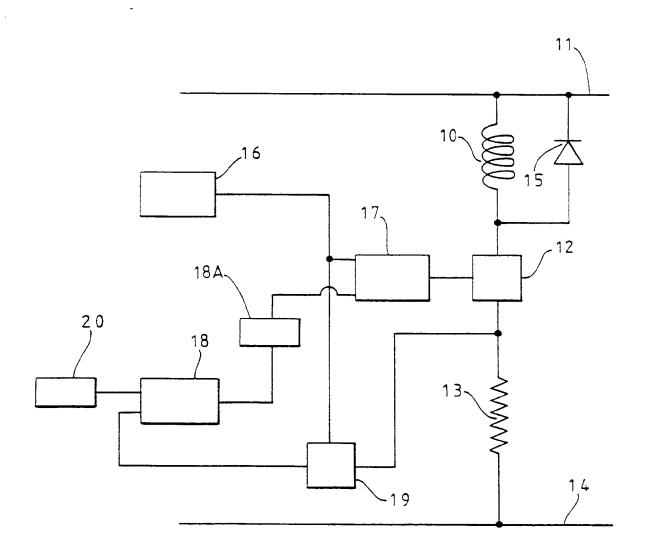
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- I. A drive circuit for an inductive load the drive circuit being of the so-called constant frequency type and including a switching device connected in series with the load and a source of supply, characterised by means I3. 19 for measuring the instantaneous value of the current flowing in the device at or after a predetermined time following switch on, means I8 for comparing the measured instantaneous value of current with a calculated value of current, and further means I7 for adjusting the mark/space ratio to achieve the desired average current flow in the load.
- 2. A drive circuit according to Claim! characterised in that the means for comparing comprises a comparator I8 the output of which is supplied by way of an integrator I8A to said further means I7, the comparator having one input connected to a reference voltage source 20 which supplies a voltage representative of the calculated value of cur-

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rent and a further input which receives a voltage representative of the measured instantaneous value of the current.

- 3. A drive circuit according to Claim 2 characterised by a resistor I3 connected in series with the load I0 and switch means I9 through which the voltage developed across said resistor is applied to said further input of the comparator I8.
- 4. A drive circuit according to Claim 2 including an oscillator for supplying a constant frequency signal, characterised by a control circuit 17 which receives said constant frequency signal and controls the operation of said switching device 12, the output of said integrator I8A being applied to said control circuit 17 to control the mark/space ratio of the signal applied to the switching device.
- 5. A drive circuit according to Claim 3 characterised in that switch means .12 is controlled by said constant frequency signal.



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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application number

| | EP 87305525.5 | | |
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| Category | Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages | Relevant to claim | CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CI.4) |
| A | <pre>EE - A1 - 3 423 505 (SODECO-SAI A</pre> | 1-5 | H 01 F 7/18 |
| A | DE - A1 - 3 503 289 (LUCAS) * Abstract; fig. 1 * | 1-5 | |
| A | DE - A1 - 3 507 103 (FORD) * Abstract; fig. 2,3 * | 1-5 | |
| | | | TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.4) |
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he present search report has been drawn up for all claims

| | VIENNA | 28-09-1987 | | Examiner VAKIL | | |
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| 3 82 | CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS | | | principle underlying the invention tent document, but published on, or | | |
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